

Memo 1

A nominal sentence is a sentence without a verb, or one in which the verb “to be” is implied.

اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ	God [is] one. (112:1)
مُحَمَّدٌ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ	Muhammad [is] the Messenger of God. (48:29)

The feminine form is most often formed by adding the ة (tâ' marbûṭa).

وَلَأَمَةٌ مُّؤْمِنَةٌ خَيْرٌ مِنْ مُشْرِكَةٍ	And indeed, a believing (and loyal) slave girl [is] better than a polytheist. (2:221)
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In Arabic, there is no indefinite article, and there is only one definite article, “الـ”.

أَنَا نَذِيرٌ	I [am] [a] warner.
الصُّلْحُ خَيْرٌ	Reconciliation [is] a good thing. (4:128)

The masculine demonstrative of proximity is “هَذَا” and the feminine demonstrative is “هَذِهِ”.

Before an indefinite noun, they function as **demonstrative pronouns**.

هَذَا ذِكْرٌ	This [is] a reminder. (38,49)
إِنَّ هَذِهِ تَذَكُّرَةٌ	Indeed, this [is] a reminder. (76:29)

The attributive adjective always follows the noun and takes the definite article when the noun is definite.

هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ	This is a straight path (or one that strives for righteousness). (15:41)
إِهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ	Guide us to the straight path. (1:6)

She	He	You (fem.)	You (male)	I, me	
هِيَ	هُوَ	أَنْتِ	أَنْتَ	أَنَا	Personal pronouns
لَيْسَتْ	لَيْسَ	لَسْتِ	لَسْتَ	لَسْتُ	Not to be

أَلَسْتُ بِرَبِّكُمْ	Am I not your Lord? (7:172)
إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُذَكَّرٌ لَسْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِمُصَيِّرٍ	You are only a reminder. You have no power over them. (88:21–22)
أَلَيْسَ الصُّبْحُ بِقَرِيبٍ	Is not the dawn near? (11:81)
قَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ لَيْسَتِ النَّصَارَى عَلَى شَيْءٍ	The Jews say, “The Christians have no basis [for their beliefs!]” (2:113)

Job names are traditionally formed using the فَعَّال pattern, such as the word خَبَّاز. In Modern Arabic, job names are often formed by adding a ي at the end. Ex: صَحْفِي (journalist).

To form an adjective from a country name, the suffix -iyy is added. Example: يَمَنِيّ / يَمَنِيَّة

Annexation	رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ	The Lord of the Throne. (23:116)
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The dual	Masculine plural	Feminine plural	Internal (or broken) plural
مُسْلِمَانِ مُسْلِمَيْنِ	مُسْلِمُونَ مُسْلِمِينَ	مُسْلِمَاتٍ	To memorize, e.g.: رَجُلٌ جِ رِجَالٌ